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Radiological Sciences

Measurement of Parotid Gland Volume in A symptomatic Adult Sudanese Population using Ultrasonography

Mohammed Amir Hassan^{1*}, Awadia Gareeballah Suliman^{1,2}, Ahmed Abdelrahim Mohammed¹, Maisa Mohammed Elzaki^{1,2}, Hanan Elnour^{1,3}, Rihab Ali Yousif¹

¹Faculty of Radiological Sciences and Medical Imaging, Alzaiem Alazhari University, Khartoum, Sudan ²Department of Diagnostic Radiologic Technology, Faculty of Applied Medical Sciences, Taibah University, Al-madinah Al-Munawarah, King Saudi Arabia

³Taif Universities, College of Applied Medical Sciences, Taif, KSA

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*Corresponding author: Mohammed Amir Hassan

Abstract

Original Research Article

This was cross sectional study done in Khartoum state Sudan in Alhikma Polyclinics in the period from 2018-2020, to measure parotid gland volume in a symptomatic Sudanese population by ultrasonography. The study done in 251 adult Sudanese in age ranged 18-53 years with mean age 30.63 years, after an ethical approval taken from each patient, high frequency ultrasound of parotid glands is performed, the data collected by data sheet then analyzed by SPSS (Statistical Package for Social Sciences). The study demonstrate that the mean parotid gland volume was 2.79cm³ ± 0.69 , right parotid is larger in volume than left, there was significant difference in mean volume in both gender (P <0.05), female had larger volume than male. There was positive strong significant association between age and parotid volume (P < 0.01, r=0.585).

Keywords: Ultrasound, Parotid, Volume, Adult, High frequency.

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INTRODUCTION

The parotid gland are major salivary glands that may affected by different diseases including neoplasm, inflammation which may cause hyperplastic or hypertrophic changes in the salivary glands [1,2].

Ultrasonography (US) is first line in differential diagnosis of diseases of the salivary glands, may suggest final diagnosis or definite diagnose of others like sialolithiases. Many disorders occur in parotid gland and may cause decreased or increased in gland size so it's important to measure the gland size, no reference value for parotid gland measurements available for Sudanese adults and on literature. The paired parotid glands are the largest of the salivary glands. Each has an average weight of 25 g and is an irregular, lobulated, yellowish mass, lying largely below the external acoustic meatus between the mandible and sternocleidomastoid. The gland also projects forwards on to the surface of masseter. The overall shape of the parotid gland is variable. Viewed laterally, in half of cases it is roughly triangular in outline. Sometimes, however, the gland is of even width throughout, and the upper and lower poles are rounded. The average dimensions of the parotid duct are 5 cm long and 3 mm wide (although it is narrower at its oral orifice). It begins by the confluence of two main tributaries within the anterior part of the parotid gland; the duct appears at the anterior border of the upper part of the gland and passes horizontally across masseter, approximately midway between the angle of the mouth and the zygomatic arch [3].

The parotid gland is relatively fatty and appears homogeneously hyperechoic. It produces greater attenuation of sound than other soft tissues; it sometimes requires lower-frequency transducers than would otherwise be expected for such a superficial structure. Sound attenuation by parotid parenchyma explains the common finding of increased through transmission behind solid lesions. The parotid duct exits the anterior aspect of the gland and courses over the masseter muscle before diving through the buccinators muscle to terminate at an orifice lateral to the second upper molar [4].

OBJECTIVE

To assess the normal parotid gland volume in adult Sudanese using high frequency ultrasonography

METHODOLOGY

This was cross sectional study done in Khartoum state Sudan in Alhikma OLYCLINICS 1 in the period from 2018 to 2020, the sampling includes 255 adult Sudanese population came to ultrasound department of other purpose of scanning rather than for salivary gland, after ethical approval was taken from ultrasound for parotid gland each patients, is performed using Ezoate mylap 40 with 7.5 MHz high frequency linear array probe, the patient is examined in reclining position, neck extended , head slightly turned to the side opposite the glands being examined, both side are examine in longitudinal and transverse plane parallel and perpendicular to the submandibular plane, the gland appear glands have a homogeneous parenchyma when they are study by us, their echogenicity depends on the fat content of the gland,

old people have a higher echogenicity, the size of parotid gland in both side is measured (L, AP, Width and volume) as seen in figure (2), the data collected using data collection sheet including the study variables, then analyzed by SPSS version 16, mean \pm Std. Deviation are performed then correlation was done to assess the variation of gland size in different gender and to correlate measurement with age (p value < 0.05 consider significant and > 0.05 consider insignificant).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The age divided into five age group ranged from 18-53 years ,more than halve of them in age group 18-27 years (57%) followed by 38-47 (24.3%), the mean age was 30.63 years as shown in table (1).

Table-1: Age group distribution									
Age \years	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent					
18-27	143	57.0	57.0	57.0					
28-37	32	12.7	12.7	69.7					
38-47	61	24.3	24.3	94.0					
48-53	15	6.0	6.0	100.0					
Total	251	100.0	100.0						

Table-1: Age group distribution

More than halve of patients were female 59.8%, table (2).

Table-2: Gender distribution									
Gender	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent					
Female	150	59.8	59.8	59.8					
Male	101	40.2	40.2	100.0					
Total	251	100.0	100.0						

The study found that the mean measurement of parotid gland in a symptomatic Sudanese adult were 2.09 ± 0.35 cm, 2.38 ± 0.18 cm for length of right and left one respectively, 2.38 ± 0.65 , 2.02 ± 0.48 for width respectively, 1.16 ± 0.23 and 1.07 ± 0.33 cm for

thickness right and left respectively, 2.95 ± 0.94 cm³ and 2.62 ± 0.78 cm³, the mean volume was 2.79 ± 0.69 cm³., this volume is slightly larger than in mention in literature 25 gram.(1) table (3)

Table-3: Desc	criptive statistic for measur	rement	ts of parotid	gland (minim	um, ma	ximum, mean ± S	td. Deviation

Variables	Ν	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation
Age	251	18	53	30.63	9.90
Length of right parotid	251	1.7	3.0	2.09	.35
Length of left parotid	251	2.2	2.9	2.38	.18
Width of right parotid	251	1.0	3.0	2.38	.65
Width of left parotid	251	.9	3.0	2.02	.48
Thickness of right parotid	251	1.0	2.9	1.16	.23
Thickness of left parotid	251	.9	4.0	1.07	.33
Volume of right parotid	251	1.44	6.10	2.95	.94
Volume of left parotid	251	1.80	6.93	2.62	.78
Mean parotid volume	251	1.82	6.22	2.79	.69
Valid N (listwise)	251				

The study demonstrated there was significant difference in gland volume in different gender (P<0.05), female had larger parotid compare to male, the volume

for female was 2.89 ± 0.73 cm³ while for male 2.63 ± 0.59 cm³ table (4).

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Table-4: Compare mean measurement of normal gland volume in different gender									
Volume	gender	Ν	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean	P value			
Right parotid volume	Female	150	3.07	.96	.078	< 0.05			
	Male	101	2.77	.89	.089				
Left parotid volume	Female	150	2.71	.87	.07				
	Male	101	2.49	.59	.05				
Mean volume	Female	150	2.89	.73	.06				
	Male	101	2.63	.59	.05				

Table-4: Compare mean measurement of normal gland volume in different gender
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Concerning correlation between age and volume of parotid strong significant positive correlation between mean gland size and age found (r= 0.585, p< 0.01), table (5), this result similar to Se-Hwan Hwang et al whom stated that volume and size parameters of the PG were positively correlated with age (p < 0.05)[5].

Table-5: Correlation between age and volume							
Correlation		age	Volume of right	Volume of left			
Age	Pearson Correlation	1	.667**	.236**	.585**		
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.000	.000	.000		
	Ν	251	251	251	251		

Moderate linear association was found between age and parotid volume, ($R^2=0.3424$), figure (1).



Fig-1: Shows linear relationship between age and parotid gland volume

demonstrate The study that significant differences in mean measurement of gland volume in different age group (p < 0.01), the gland size increased with age and in almost all age group the right gland is larger in volume than in left except in age group 28-37 the left larger than the right, table (6), Wei Li et al. stated that the volumes of parotid glands increased with age [6].

Age		Right volume	Left volume	Mean volume
18-27	Mean	2.48	2.43	2.46
10-27	Std. Deviation	.66	.66	.45
28-37	Mean	2.67	2.89	2.78
20-37	Std. Deviation	1.22	1.33	1.12
38-47	Mean	3.96	2.88	3.42
30-47	Std. Deviation	.26	.60	.35
48-53	Mean	3.89	2.75	3.32
40-33	Std. Deviation	.27	.22	.21
Total	Mean	2.95	2.62	2.79
	Std. Deviation	.94	.78	.69
P value	0<0.001			

CONCLUSION

The study concluded that mean parotid gland volume for adult Sudanese is 2.79 cm³ \pm 0.69, parotid gland size increased significantly with age, the volume is larger in female than in male.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Further studies should be done adding other patient's factors (height, weight, BMI) for more accurate results.



Fig-2: 24 years female, right parotid gland volume 4.4 ml (2.43x1.58x2.01cm)

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